Data and Power Hub Services Limited

# HV Connection and Sub Station, Grange Castle, Grange Castle, Co.Dublin

# Outline Construction and Environmental Management Plan



# **Document Control Sheet**

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Plant

## SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Purpose

The purpose of the Outline Construction and Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) is to provide a framework to ensure that the construction works are effectively managed during the construction, commissioning and handover periods of the development, and that appropriate mitigation, monitoring, inspection and reporting mechanisms are implemented.

The CEMP requires that every reasonable effort is made to reduce and preferably to prevent negative impacts, while enhancing positive impacts/benefits during construction. The objectives of the plan are summarised in Table 1-1.

Objective /Principal	Description
Ensure construction	Prepare a contract specific CEMP prior to commencement of construction contracts that reflects all environmental constraints and risks identified in the ecology report and that sets out mitigation measures identified in same and additional appropriate mitigation measures as may be necessary.
activities are carried out in	Review and update the CEMP as necessary on a regular basis throughout the construction stage of the project.
the Conditions of Consent.	Ensure Contractors comply with the CEMP and implement the controls, procedures, method statements and plans therein.
	Review and improve these documents on an ongoing basis throughout the project.
	Construction is carried out in compliance with the contract specific CEMP and any associated Method Statements, Plans and Procedures.
Construction	Construction activities, particularly in relation to sensitive habitats and species, are subject to environmental/ecological supervision / under ecological direction as appropriate.
work is carried out with minimal	Minimise the risk of pollution by ensuring all mitigation measures are implemented and effective.
Natural Environment	Construction activities are undertaken in accordance with national/international legislation.
	Effective waste management techniques are adopted on site as per Waste Management Plan.
	Develop and maintain an Environmental Incident Response Procedure and ensure adequate spill response. Spill kits are available on site.
Construction	Minimise potential for noise and vibration, traffic and dust impacts by ensuring all mitigation measures are implemented and plans are adhered to.
work is carried out with minimal disturbance to landowners and	Minimise disruption to local road users through effective management of traffic and construction related haulage in line with contract specific Traffic Management Plan.
the local	Keep sites clean and tidy at all times.
community.	Respond to any local concerns regarding construction activities.

#### Table 1-1: Objectives and Targets during Construction Period

Objective /Principal	Description
	Report on environmental performance of construction activities.
Construction work is carried out with minimal impact on archaeology.	All features of archaeological interest to be treated in accordance with the defined mitigation measures.
	Minimise use of natural resources and source materials locally where possible.
sustainable	Minimise resource wastage and reuse materials where possible.
approach to	Ensure a policy of reuse and recycling is adopted on the project.
construction.	Ensure energy efficiency is considered when operating plant and machinery and running site offices and compounds.
Provide adequate environmental awareness for all project personnel	Ensure all personnel are aware of their environmental responsibilities and undergo induction training appropriate to their needs, prior to commencement of construction. Training and awareness of personnel will continue throughout the construction phase through provision of Toolbox talks or equivalent. Provide environmental training /talks on environmental issues associated with particular sensitive locations, construction activities and environmental best practice where required.
	Appropriate environmental signage will be erected on site where required. Details of site managers, contact numbers (including out of hours) and public information signs (including warning signs) at the entrance and, where appropriate, at the boundaries of the site.

## 1.2 Contract Specific CEMP

A contract specific CEMP will be prepared prior to commencement of works and shall be a specific, targeted, and 'stand-alone' plan to ensure that all of the mitigation measures, obligations, requirements and constraints identified in all relevant documents, relevant reports and planning conditions, are fully implemented under the construction contract.

The Main Contractor will be required to prepare the following for inclusion with the contract CEMP:

- Management Structure for Construction and Operation Phases;
- Resources roles and responsibilities;
- Training;
- Construction Activities and Sequencing;
- Method statements;
- Communications;
- Management of Sub Contractors;
- Monitoring;
- Inspections and Auditing;
- Reporting;
- Corrective and Preventative Action Procedures;
- Procedures for Review and Improvement; and
- Records.

## SECTION 2: PROJECT PARTICULARS AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

## 2.1 Site Location

The proposed development site is located in Grange Castle, Newcastle, Co.Dublin. The site location is shown in Figures 2.1 below:



Figure 2.1: Location of Proposed Development (Source: Google Maps, annotation by JB Barry Engineering)

## 2.2 Project Description

The development will development primarily comprises the provision of two no. 110kV transmission lines and a 110kV Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) substation compound and Transformers / MV switch room compound along with associated and ancillary works and is described as follows:

The proposed 110kV GIS Substation and Transformers / MV switch room Compounds are to be located on lands to the south of the Power Generation Facility that was permitted under SDCC Reg. Ref. SD20A/0058 and to the north of the concurrent application for 2 no. two storey Information Communication Technology (ICT) facilities each with three storey plant levels and associated ancillary development that will have a gross floor area of 30,518sqm under SDCC Reg. Ref. SD20A/0324, and within an overall landholding bound to the south by the Peamount Road (R120); and on lands that contain the 2 no. residential properties of Little Acre and Bulmer as well as agricultural lands and buildings within the townland of Milltown, Newcastle, Co. Dublin.

The proposed 110kV Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) Substation Compound includes the provision of a two storey GIS Substation building (with a gross floor area of 1,430sqm) (known as the Peamount Substation), car parking, lighting, associated underground services and roads within a 3.0m high fenced compound, and all associated construction and ancillary works. The Transformers / MV switch room compound includes three transformers plus MV switch room (200sqm), lighting and lightning masts, car parking, associated underground services and roads within a 3.0m high fenced and separate compound, and all associated construction and ancillary works.

Two proposed underground single circuit 110kV transmission lines will connect the proposed Peamount 110kV GIS Substation to the existing 2 no. single 110kV underground circuits within the Castlebaggot-Kilmahud circuit to the east. The proposed transmission will pass outside of the site underneath the R120, the former Nangor Road, Griffeen River and the newly realigned Baldonnel Road.

The development includes the connections to the proposed Peamount substation as well as to the Castlebaggot-Kilmahud circuit, changes to the attenuation pond permitted under SDCC Reg. Ref. SD20A/0058 and all associated construction and ancillary works.

The GIS sub-station, MV control building and substation transformers will be located on the northern portion of the site as seen in Figure 1-2 below. This portion of the site will be hereafter referred to as the northern portion of the site.

## 2.3 Outline of Proposed Construction Works

#### 2.3.1 Phasing

It is intended to carry out the proposed development in a single phase and construction is estimated to take up to 24 months to complete.

The main stages of construction will proceed in a general sequence as follows:

- Enabling Works including set-up of site construction facilities.
- Site clearance which will include cutting and filling of existing ground profiles.
- Construction of drainage, attenuation, water supply, utility service distribution network, and roads within the site.
- Construction of foundations, ground floor slab and service ducts
- Construction of internal and external blockwork walls
- Completion of internal works and building façade
- Installation of M&E equipment and full building fit-out.
- Completion of external works, landscaping, perimeter berm, car parking and roads.

#### 2.3.2 Working Hours

This plan will include the permitted site operation hours which are expected to be 07:00-19:00 on weekdays and 09:00-13:00 on Saturdays with no works on Sundays or bank/public holidays in accordance with the Environmental Noise regulations 2006.

#### 2.3.3 Construction Site Access

Pedestrian access will be strictly controlled. Only Safepass accredited and C-19 inducted personnel will be permitted on site and daily in-out attendance records will be maintained. Safe pedestrian access points will be provided based on the stage of works and layout of the construction site.

All relevant health and safety requirements will be adhered to including Covid-19 measures as specified and required by the HSE and CIF. This plan will be amended pending any changes to these requirements. Access to the site will be via the R120 which is also referred to as the Peamount Road which is illustrated graphically in Figure 2 following.



Figure 2.3: Adjoining Road Network (Source: 2020 Google Maps – JB Barry Engineering)

A site compound will be provided within the confines of the site. Construction car park will be accommodated within the site compound.

#### 2.3.4 Structural Works

A geotechnical investigation was undertaken in October 2020 which consisted of trial pits, boreholes, percolation tests and CBR tests. The site investigation showed that the site is underlain by a layer of firm gravelly clay. A full suite of WAC testing was undertaken and there are no indications of contaminated material.

The Sub Station Centre structure will consists of load bearing blockwork walls on strip footing with a reinforced concrete roof. All foundations will be founded on suitable bearing ground and will consist of reinforced concrete pad footings to columns and reinforced concrete strip footings to walls.

#### 2.3.5 Drainage Works

The foul and storm sewer networks will be on the separate systems. No foul effluent will discharge to the storm water system.

Foul sewer construction will comply with South Dublin County Council and Irish Water's requirements, specification and standard details.

Details of the proposed surface water network and the proposed SuDS (Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems) measures for this development are shown on drawings 19231-JBB-00-XX-DR-C-01500 Foul & SW Layouts which form part of the planning application.

## SECTION 3: CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

## 3.1 Employer

Data and Power Hub Services Limited will be the Employer for the development and shall have responsibility for the organisation of the works. They will appoint a competent Main Contractor who will be responsible for the direction and execution of the works. They will ensure that competent parties are appointed to undertake all elements of works, sufficient resources are made available at all stages of the project and will appoint temporary or permanent Specialists as required.

## 3.2 Specialists engaged by the Contractor

To fulfil its obligations under the CEMP, Data and Power Hub Services Limited has engaged suitably qualified and experienced consultants to monitor Health and Safety, Ecology, Dust and Waste.



## 3.3 Health and Safety

#### 3.3.1 Permits and Authorization Requirements

The following operations will need to be undertaken by means of a permit to work system.

- All metal grinding or other abrasive wheel work, or sand blasting.
- Hot works
- Hazardous material removals

#### 3.3.2 Training

#### **General Requirements**

The contractor is required to provide suitable training and instruction, to minimise risk of injury to employees and other persons using the workplace. Four types of training are required.

- a) **Induction** ensuring that new recruits are clear about the key rules, and the need to follow them and accept supervisory scrutiny and guidance from experienced colleagues.
- **b) Basic Training -** usually provided as a formal training programme either provided in a block or in short modules during the first days / weeks of working.
- c) Reminder / skill development best provided topic by topic in 10 minute "toolbox talks" with an opportunity for staff to comment and ask questions, thereby forming part of the organisation's employee staff consultation process.
- d) **Training for Persons Directly Involved -** All those workers who operate and maintain plant and machinery, or work in the field of operations operatives, and their direct supervisory staff should receive training and instruction.

#### 3.3.3 Existing Services

Although the site is a mainly a greenfield development overhead power cables are present traversing the site. It is the responsibility of the contractor to ensure that there are no other existing services within or adjacent to the environments of the site. The PSCS will check for

the existence of all services in the area of work and locate and mark or arrange for the owning authorities to locate/mark any services which may be affected by the works. The contractor will review utility services drawings. The contractor will take all normal precautions against the risk of exposure to any live underground and overhead services within and in the vicinity of the site area. The contractor will ensure compliance with the Code of Practice for Avoiding Danger from Underground Services and also the ESB Code of Practise for Avoiding Danger from Overhead Lines if applicable.

Any existing gas pipes, water pipes, electric cables, sewers, drains and other services which do not in the opinion of the Engineer require to be changed in location, will be carefully supported and protected from damage by the Contractor and in the case of injury will be restored by him to as good condition as that in which they were found.

#### 3.3.4 Vehicle and Pedestrian Hazards

All deliveries to the site will be made via the approved access roads. Adequate manning and use of banks men where required will be provided. The Main Contractor will submit proposals for on-site storage areas for approval by the Project Supervisor Construction Stage and segregate these from the works.

Prior to works commencing on site the Main Contractor will implement an appropriate booking in and out system for all site operatives and visitors. Contractor's personnel will carry appropriate identification at all time on site. All site personnel will have Safe Pass and Construction Skills Certification where appropriate. Unauthorised access to the site will be prevented. A site safety representative will be appointed. The contractor will institute a formal site induction procedure including issue of P.P.E. as appropriate for all personnel.

Warning signs sealed off access signs/barriers and "out of bounds" notices must be provided where relevant as the works proceed. The contractor is advised of the requirements for safe pedestrian access to be maintained at all times to the rest of the site. Temporary signs, sealed off access signs, barriers and "out of bounds" notices will be provided where relevant as the works proceed. Hoarding and site security generally will be of a high standard. Site access points will be manned and monitored at all times when work is in progress, and secured when work is not in progress.

#### 3.3.5 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

#### General

- Every working place and approach and all openings dangerous to persons employed and others will be properly illuminated and protected.
- Before carrying out any part of the work the contractor will consider prevailing weather conditions and weather forecasts. Attention will be paid to the effects of wind (especially when operating cranes).
- When materials and debris are lowered, care will be taken to prevent the material from swinging in such a manner that it creates a danger to the safety of either personnel or the surrounding structure.

#### **Electrical Hazards**

The main hazards arising from electricity on this project include electric shock, burns, fires and explosions. A planned schedule will be used for the testing and inspection of portable electrical equipment. This will include the strength and capability of electrical equipment and protection against adverse/hazardous conditions. Persons working on electrical equipment will have the necessary competence requirements to carry out their work safely and not endangering themselves or others.

When mechanical plant is used, care will be taken to ensure that no part of such machines can come into direct contact or in close proximity to overhead cables.

NOTE: Additional safety advice on the danger from electricity overhead lines and underground cables is given in Guidance Noted GS6 published by the Health and Safety Executive and in the booklet *Recommendations on the avoidance of danger from underground electricity cables* published by the National Joint Council Utilities Group of British Telecom, the Electricity Council, British Gas and the British Water Council and E.S.B. Guidelines code 9803203, Health & Safety Authority <u>which are similar in scope</u>. The ESB Code of Practice for Avoiding Danger from Overhead Electricity Lines and The Code of Practice for Avoiding Danger from Underground Services must be taken account of when working with electrical hazards.

#### Fire or Explosion Risks

Precautions will be taken to prevent the risk of fire or explosion caused by gas or vapour. When the thermal reaction or thermal lancing methods are used, consideration will be given to the prevention of oxygen enrichment and the attendance risk of explosion or ignition of flammable vapour. Containers of oxygen, acetylene or liquefied petroleum gas will be handles with care and stored and used in accordance with good practice.

- Gas cylinder and similar containers, whether empty, in use or spare, will be stored in a safe place, in accordance with good practice, since if they become involved in a fire any resulting explosion may cause injury to persons and damage to property.
- Flammable liquids will be used only in small amounts in approved, self-closing safety cans and shall be stored in approved flammable liquid cabinets.
- "NO SMOKING" signs will be posted where appropriate and will be strictly observed.
- Access to fire extinguishers and other firefighting equipment must not be obstructed.
- Water-type extinguishers will not be used on electrical fires.
- Know the location and the correct operation of the nearest fire extinguisher.
- When used, fire extinguishers will be recharged prior to being returned to service.
- Fire extinguishers will be inspected at least monthly and shall be maintained fully charged.
- Report all fires to a supervisor.
- A Company Welding and Flame Permit will be issued before welding or cutting in close proximity of flammable and combustibles.

#### Excavations

Numerous hazards associated with excavation work exist: contact with over ground/underground lines/services, collapse of excavation sides, materials, vehicles and people falling in to the excavation, materials falling onto people in the excavation, people being struck with plant, groundwater, soil, fumes and accident to members of the public.

A safe system of work plan will be used for the start of each new activity. Supervision must be carried out at the start of each activity and reviewed appropriately. A competent person will supervise the installation, alteration or renewal of excavation supports. The contractor will ensure compliance with the Code of Practice for Avoiding Danger from Underground Services and refer to the Health & Safety Authority's Publication: A Guide to Safety Excavations.

#### Working at Height

Work at height is work in any place, including a place at, above or below ground level, where a person could be injured if they fell from that place. Taking this into account, work at height activities will be identified as the works progress. The regulations will be applied continuously throughout the project, most notably during work in/near excavations in addition to the extension and even the refurbishment works.

The main onus in relation to these regulations include: to carry out a risk assessment, to follow the General Principles of Prevention (taking steps to prevent, avoid or reduce risks) and finally to choose the correct equipment and select collective measures to prevent falls

(i.e. guard rails, working platforms etc.). These will be selected before other measures which may only reduce the distance and the consequence of the fall.

A safe system of work is required when planning to do work at a height. This system will include; appropriate supervision where necessary, weather conditions workers may be exposed to and emergency/rescue procedures that may be required.

#### Housekeeping

This is a significant issue during the internal works. It's also important within the designated site compound.

The main onus on all contractors is related to their organisation/co-operation with a view to protecting workers & preventing accidents on site. The main issues that need to be addressed continually include general material storage, access & egress within the site and ensuring that traffic routes (horizontal & vertical) are kept clear. Housekeeping is vital to prevent slips, trips and falls and falling materials. It should cover the storage, use, cleanup and adequate disposal of materials. Good housekeeping results in a safe, efficient and non-polluting site.

The contractor is required to ensure compliance with the Safety Health and Welfare at Work Act Construction Regulations 2013, Safety Health and Welfare at Work Act General Application Regulations 2007 and all amendments.

## SECTION 4: CONSTRUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT MEASURES

#### 4.1 General Construction Management Measures

The following table contains a summary of the construction and environmental management measures that are required to be implemented during the design, mobilisation and construction works to be undertaken in relation to the proposed development.

Торіс	Management Measure
Construction Impacts General	A detailed <i>Construction and Demolition Waste Management Plan</i> (CWMP) will be prepared by the contractor prior to work commencing on site. The main purpose of this document is to provide a mechanism for implementation of the various mitigation measures which are required and have regard to the guidance contained in the handbook published by Construction Industry Research and Information Association (CIRIA) in the UK, <i>Environmental Good Practice on Site</i> , CIRIA 2005.
	Any planning conditions imposed by the planning authority will be strictly observed and monitoring requirements will be observed as conditioned.
Guidance Documents	<ul> <li>Measures set out in the Construction Industry Research and Information Association (CIRIA) on Control of Water Pollution from Construction Sites: Guidance for Consultants and Contractors Volume 532 will be adhered to by the Contractor</li> <li>The Guidelines entitled "Requirements for the Protection of Fisheries Habitats during Construction and Development Works at River Sites" prepared by the Eastern Regional Fisheries Board will be adhered to in full by the Contractor.</li> </ul>
Emergency Response Plan	A contract specific Emergency Response Plan will be prepared by the Contractor and will include an emergency work procedure to deal with any accidental/emergency spills of hazardous substances (oils, hydraulic fluids, concrete/cement etc.). This will be submitted to the ER for approval.

#### Table 4-1: General Construction Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure
Contact Details	Details of site managers, contact numbers (including out of hours) will be listed on public information signs (including warning signs) at the entrance and, where appropriate, at the boundaries of the site.
Fuel / Chemical Handling	<ul> <li>All potentially harmful substances will be stored in compliance with the handling instruction, including separation of incompatible chemicals, provision of adequate firefighting, spill containment and other safety facilities.</li> <li>The Contractor will ensure that adequate means (Spill Kits) to absorb or contain any spillages of these chemicals are available on site at all times. Any waste or hazardous waste residuals or potentially contaminated sludge from spill clean-up will be stored in appropriate receptacles or containers, or in bunded storage areas prior to their removal by an EPA licensed contractor.</li> <li>Any handling of hazardous chemicals will be in compliance with the relevant safety instructions and legislation (Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act 2005 (S.I. No. 10 of 2005) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 619 of 2001) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (General Application) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No 299 of 2007) and amendments).</li> <li>A Safety Data Sheet will be available, as well as an assessment of the hazards associated with the chemical (to personnel, for storage, for emergency response).</li> </ul>
Fuel / Chemical Handling	<ul> <li>All fuels or chemicals substances (e.g. oils, diesel, herbicides, pesticides, concrete etc) kept on the construction site will be stored in bunded containers in specified hard standing bunded areas with the provision of a storage/retention capacity of 110% of tank storage.</li> <li>No refuelling or maintenance of vehicles and equipment will be carried out within 20 metres of any water course</li> </ul>
Water Discharge General	Where the Contractor proposes discharging effluent (including groundwater) from the site to waters or to a sewer under the Local Government (Water Pollution) Acts and Regulations it will obtain at its own cost and expense all consents, approvals, and/or licences required and will strictly comply with all conditions, constraints and requirements imposed by same.
Discharge to waters	Any discharges arising from the construction phase will incorporate silt removal and hydrocarbon removal using a hydrocarbon interceptor (which will comply with current European Standard EN858).
Sewage Management	Foul sewage will be removed off site and disposed of by discharging to a licensed sewer network by the Contractor.
	Any discharges arising from the construction phase of the proposed scheme entering the foul/storm sewer network will be in accordance with the requirements of a discharge licence (if required) granted by Galway County Council.
Cement Washout	Designated impermeable cement washout areas must be provided.
Stockpiles	Any excavated vegetation, soil and subsoil will be temporarily stockpiled away at least 20 m from any surface water features in order to reduce the likelihood of any suspended solids reaching them;
Pest Control	A Pest Control Plan for the construction phase will be completed and included in the Contract specific CEMP written by the Contractor.

The following specific mitigation measures will be implemented during the construction period:

## 4.2 Population and Human Health

This section includes the measures that are required to protect human beings and material assets during the design and the execution of the project. The contract CEMP will detail all measures (including method statements) to be employed in relation to all potential impacts on human beings and material assets; and how the following mitigation measures will be implemented.

#### Table 4-2: Population and Human Health Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure
Human Health	It is recommended that a rodent and pest control plan is put in place so as to manage and limit any potential disturbance to populations that may utilise the site. The pest control plan will be in accordance with the Chartered Institute of Environmental Health's " <i>Pest minimisation Best practice for the construction industry</i> " guidelines or a similar appropriate standard.
Human Health	During the construction phase, the legal duties under the Construction Regulations (Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Construction) Regulations 20135) will be adhered to;

## 4.3 Terrestrial Biodiversity Management

This section includes the measures that are required to protect terrestrial ecology during the execution of the project. The contract CWMP will detail all measures to be employed in relation to all potential impacts on terrestrial ecology and how the following measures will be implemented. No Invasive Species have been identified in the areas where the Contract relating to the current application will be undertaken.

#### Table 4-3: Terrestrial Biodiversity Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure
	In order to avoid disturbance of breeding birds, their nests, eggs and/or their unflown young, all works involving the removal of trees or hedgerows will be undertaken outside of the nesting season (1st March to 31st August inclusive).
	Or where this seasonal restriction cannot be observed then:
Breeding birds	A breeding bird survey will be undertaken during the appropriate survey season (between early March and late June) by an ecologist with experience undertaking breeding bird surveys in order to confirm whether birds are nesting within suitable habitat affected by or immediately adjacent to the subject lands. Should nesting birds be encountered during surveys, the removal of trees or hedgerows may be required to be delayed until after the nesting season (1st March to 31st August inclusive).
Bats	The following mitigation measures are proposed to ensure compliance with legislation within the Wildlife Acts 1976-2012 which protects bats and their roosts:
	Lighting proposals for the construction phase will adhere to the advice provided in Bats and lighting – <i>Guidance for Planners, Engineers, Architects</i> <i>and Developers</i> (Bat Conservation Ireland 2010), <i>Guidance Notes for the</i> <i>Reduction of Obtrusive Light GN01</i> (Institute of Lighting Professionals, 2011) and <i>Bats and Lighting in the UK – Bats and the Built Environment Series</i> (Bat Conservation Trust UK, January 2008). Construction and operational stage lighting details will be reviewed by a qualified bat ecologist. If necessary, the

Торіс	Management Measure
	bat ecologist will recommend adjustments to directional lighting ( <i>e.g.</i> through cowls, shields or louvres) to restrict light to those areas where it is needed with a light level of 3 lux or less at ground level.
Trees/Hedgerows	If any trees or hedgerows are to be retained, the root protection area will be calculated by a qualified arborist. Protective barriers will be installed to exclude construction activities from the root protection area of the trees and the hedgerow.
Amphibians	An amphibian check will be carried out by an experienced ecologist prior to works commencing. Should amphibians be encountered during this check, works must be delayed in order to apply for a derogation licence to the NPWS to allow for the disturbance of amphibians.
Surface Water Discharge	See mitigation measures outlined in the Table 4-4.

## 4.4 Water Management

This section includes the measures that are required to protect surface water and groundwater during the design and execution of the project. The contract CEMP will detail all measures to be employed in relation to all potential impacts on water quality and how the following mitigation measures will be implemented.

Торіс	Management Measure
Drainage System	Design to incorporate Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems [SuDS] techniques (stormwater attenuation and Hydrocarbon interceptors) and to be compliant with recommendations of the Greater Dublin Strategic Drainage Study [GDSDS] and Galway County Council.
Flood Risk Construction	<ul> <li>The attenuation storage will be established and the required outlet control to attenuate the discharge flow will be constructed as early as possible in the construction stage.</li> <li>Runoff from all impermeable areas formed during the construction stage will be directed through the existing storm water storage and attenuated to the greenfield runoff rate.</li> </ul>
Protection of Fisheries	The guidelines provided by the Inland Fisheries Ireland (2016) on the protection of fisheries habitats during construction projects will be adhered to.
Control of Water Pollution	Foul drainage from all site facilities will be connected to the public sewer
Control of Water Pollution	<ul><li>When cast in-place concrete is required, all work will be done in the dry and effectively isolated from any flowing water (or water that may enter rivers or streams) for a period sufficient to ensure no leachate from the concrete.</li><li>No direct discharges to be made to waters where there is potential for cement or other contaminant residues in discharges.</li><li>Designated impermeable cement washout areas will be provided.</li></ul>
Control of Water Pollution	Any excavated vegetation, soil and subsoil will be temporarily stockpiled away at least 20 m from any surface water features in order to reduce the likelihood of any suspended solids reaching them.
	Any soil contaminated from an accidental spillage will be contained and treated appropriately and disposed of in accordance with the Waste Management Act

#### Table 4-4: Water Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure
	1996-2012.
Control of Firewater Runoff (operational)	Discharge points to the drainage network will entail a mechanism for containment of runoff. This will be used to contain any contaminated runoff in the event of a major accident on site. In the event of a fire, the shutoff valve will close and the firewater will be contained in the attenuation storage system.

## 4.5 Noise and Vibration Management

This section includes the measures that are required to mitigate noise and vibration during the design and execution of the project.

The Contractor will compile a Noise and Vibration Management Plan (NVMP) which will deal specifically with management processes and strategic mitigation measures to remove or reduce significant noise and vibration impacts, and cumulative noise and vibration impacts from the construction works. The purpose of the NVMP is to ensure that the potential impacts from noise emissions are mitigated to avoid disturbance to the local community and wildlife. The purpose of the noise management programme is to ensure that the potential impacts from noise emissions are mitigated to avoid disturbance to the local community and wildlife.

Noise monitoring will determine the noise levels occurring at the nearest sensitive receptor due to site operations and to ensure they are kept within acceptable limits, by taking corrective action if necessary. Mitigation and monitoring will also ensure that the works are undertaken in a manner that does not give rise to significant negative impacts through minimising noise annoyance, noise disturbance or noise nuisance at noise sensitive receptors in the vicinity of the construction areas.

Торіс	Management Measure
	Contractor will compile and implement a Noise and Vibration Management Plan (NVMP) which will address
Noise and Vibration Management	<ul> <li>management processes and strategic mitigation measures to remove or reduce significant noise and vibration impacts, and cumulative noise and vibration impacts from the construction works.</li> <li>noise and vibration monitoring and reporting.</li> <li>method statements for each phase of the works, the associated specific measures to minimise noise and vibration in so far as is reasonably practicable for the specific works covered by each plan and a detailed appraisal of the resultant construction noise and vibration generated.</li> </ul>
	During the construction phase, the proposal development will comply with British Standard 5228 "Noise Control on Construction and open sites Part 1. Code of practice for basic information and procedures for noise control."
	The BS5228 standards include guidance on several aspects of construction site mitigation measures, including, but not limited to:
Construction phase mitigation measures	<ul> <li>selection of quiet and or low vibration emitting plant;</li> <li>control of noise sources;</li> <li>screening;</li> <li>hours of work;</li> <li>liaison with the public; and</li> <li>monitoring.</li> </ul>
	If replacing a noisy item of plant is not a viable or practical option, consideration will be given to noise control "at source". This refers to the modification of an item of plant or the application of improved sound reduction methods in consultation with the supplier;

#### Table 4-5: Noise and Vibration Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure	
Site Compounds	Site compounds will be located away from noise sensitive boundaries within the site constraints. Lifting of bulky items, dropping and loading of materials within these areas will be restricted to normal working hours;	
Construction Noise limit at Sensitive Receptors	Period	Allowable Limit at Nearest Sensitive Receptor (dB L <sub>Aeq</sub> ) Operational Construction Stage
	Daytime (07:00 – 19:00) and Saturdays (07:00 – 13:00)	65dB L <sub>Aeq,1hr</sub> ,
(Construction Stage)	Evening (19:00 to 23:00hrs)	55 dB L <sub>Aeq,1hr</sub> ,
	Nighttime (23:00 to 07:00hrs)	45 dB L <sub>Aeq,1hr</sub> ,
Noise limit at Sensitive Receptors (Operational Stage)	Plant noise from the proposed development will not be so loud, so continuous, so repeated, of such duration or pitch or occurring at such times as to give reasonable cause for annoyance to a person in any premises in the neighbourhood or to a person lawfully using any public place. In particular, the rated noise levels from the proposed development will not constitute reasonable grounds for complaint as provided for in B.S. 4142. Method for rating industrial noise affecting mixed residential and industrial areas"	
Operations	<ul> <li>Noise from building services plant will be minimised through the selection of "low noise" equipment where required as well as the incorporation of appropriate attenuation in the form of: <ul> <li>Acoustic enclosures for fans;</li> <li>Provision of attenuators for fan intake's; and</li> <li>Use of acoustic rated doors on all plant rooms or enclosures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The following mitigation measures will be taken to reduce noise levels arising from the vehicular activity in and around the site: <ul> <li>The design of the site is such that the need for reversing will be minimised in open areas and drivers will be required to adhere to onsite traffic management to reduce the use of reverse sirens.</li> <li>A speed limit of 20 km/h will be applicable to all vehicles traversing the site.</li> <li>Under no circumstances are air brakes to be used by vehicles onsite.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vehicle horns will not be sounded whilst onsite, except in the event of an emergency.</li> </ul>	
Noise control measures	<ul> <li>During both the construction and operational phases, mitigation measures will include the selection of quiet plant, enclosures and screens around noise sources, limiting the hours of work and noise monitoring.</li> <li>For mobile plant items such as cranes, dump trucks, excavators and loaders, maintaining enclosure panels closed during operation can reduce noise levels over normal operation. Mobile plant will be switched off when not in use and not left idling;</li> <li>For steady continuous noise, such as that generated by diesel engines, it may be possible to reduce the noise emitted by fitting a more effective exhaust silencer system;</li> <li>For percussive tools such as pneumatic breakers, a number of noise control measures include fitting muffler or sound reducing equipment to the breaker 'tool' and ensure any leaks in the air lines are sealed. Erect localised screens around breaker or drill bit when in operation in close proximity to noise sensitive boundaries;</li> <li>For concrete mixers, control measures will be employed during cleaning to ensure no impulsive hammering is undertaken at the mixer drum;</li> </ul>	

Торіс	Management Measure		
	<ul> <li>For all materials has excessive heights, I materials;</li> </ul>	ndling ensure that mate ining drops chutes and o	rials are not dropped from dump trucks with resilient
	<ul> <li>For compressors, ge acoustic lagging or ventilation;</li> </ul>	enerators and pumps, the netric structure enclosed within acoustic structure enclosed	nese can be surrounded by enclosures providing air
	<ul> <li>All items of plant windows of plant windows of plant windows of plant windows of plant with the pl</li></ul>	ill be subject to regular in revent unnecessary increases of noise of	maintenance. Such eases in plant noise and can control measures;
	<ul> <li>Screening is an efference of the second secon</li></ul>	ective method of reducin d can be used successfu r forms of noise control. neight) with a mass per provide adequate sound	g the noise level at a Illy as an additional Standard construction site unit of surface area greater insulation;
	Construction activities will be required to comply with the following vibration limits, measured at the nearest noise sensitive receptor:		
Vibration Limits.	Allowable vibration (in terms of peak particle velocity) at the closest part of sensitive property (soundly constructed buildings) to the source of vibration, at a frequency of		
	Less than 10 Hz	10 to 50 Hz	50 to 100 Hz (and above)
	15 mm/s	20 mm/s	50 mm/s
Vibration Limits	<ul> <li>In addition, construction activities will be required to ensure that vibration in the vicinity of underground services does not exceed the following:</li> <li>Maximum Peak Particle Velocity for intermittent or transient vibrations - 30 mm/s; and</li> <li>Maximum Peak Particle Velocity for continuous vibrations - 15 mm/s.</li> </ul>		
Communication	The contractor will take a "proactive community relations" stance and will distribute information circulars informing neighbours of the progress of works and any likely periods of significant noise / vibration during construction as required, in line with the construction programme. A designated noise liaison officer will be appointed to site during construction works.		

## 4.6 Dust Management

This section includes the measures that are required to minimise and manage dust during the construction phase of the project. The contract CEMP will detail how the following mitigation measures will be implemented.

#### Table 4-6: Dust Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure
Dust Management	<ul> <li>A Dust Minimisation Plan will be implemented during the construction phase.</li> <li>Hard surface roads will be swept to remove mud and aggregate materials from their surface while any un-surfaced roads will be restricted to essential site traffic. Any road that has the potential to give rise to fugitive dust will be regularly watered, as appropriate, during dry and/or windy conditions.</li> <li>Vehicles using site roads will have their speed restricted, and this speed restriction will be enforced rigidly.</li> <li>Vehicles delivering material with dust potential (soil, aggregates) will be enclosed or covered with a tarpaulin at all times to restrict the escape of dust.</li> <li>Public roads outside the site will be regularly inspected for cleanliness and cleaned as necessary.</li> </ul>

Торіс	Management Measure	
	<ul> <li>Material handling systems and site stockpiling of materials will be designed and laid out to minimise exposure to wind. Water misting or sprays will be used as required if particularly dusty activities are necessary during dry or windy periods.</li> <li>Water bowsers will be deployed within the sites during periods of dry weather to damp down potential dust generation from unbound surfaces.</li> </ul>	
Dust Management general	Dust mitigation measures will be specified in the CWMP. The Main Contractor will ensure that management measures follow the guidelines set out in BE Report 456	
	Measures to mitigate the emission of dust due to construction activities will include, where appropriate and practicable:	
	<ul> <li>wind breaks and barriers,</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>frequent cleaning and watering of the construction site and associated access roads,</li> <li>control of vehicle access,</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>vehicle speed restrictions, covering of stockpiles,</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>use of gravel at site exit points to remove caked on dirt from tyres and tracks,</li><li>washing of equipment at the end of each workday</li></ul>	
Dust Monitoring	The Contractor will comply with the TA Luft Standards "Technical Instructions on Air Quality Control". Dust levels at the site boundary will not exceed 350 mg/m <sup>2</sup> /day averaged over a continuous period of 30 days.	

## 4.7 Land and Soils and Waste Management

This section includes the measures that are required to manage waste impacts and to minimise impacts on the land soils during the construction phase of the project. The contract CEMP will detail how the following mitigation measures will be implemented. A project specific Waste Management Plan in accordance with "Best Practice Guidelines on the Preparation of Waste Management Plans for Construction and Demolition Projects (DoEHLG) - June 2006" will be drafted by the contractor.

As the site is currently mainly a green field it is assumed that the soils to be excavated and disposed of are classified as inert. A Site Investigation will be carried out prior to construction commencing and the results will clarify this.

Торіс	Management Measure
Waste Management Plan	The appointed Contractor will prepare a contract specific Waste Management Plan for the project in accordance with "Best Practice Guidelines on the Preparation of Waste Management Plans for Construction and Demolition Projects. This will provide details of the exact methods it is proposed to employ to remove soils from the site and will include details of the location and end use of the spoil.
Project Waste Manager	A Project Waste Manager will be appointed by the Contractor to oversee the implementation and adherence to the plan during the construction phase of the project.
Waste Disposal	The waste generated on site will be delivered to authorised waste facilities in accordance with the Waste Management Acts 1996-2012.
Waste Management	As soil characteristics will vary during the construction operations, the Contractor will be required to implement, prior to the commencement of construction works, and thereafter maintain throughout the construction phase a comprehensive environmental monitoring programme in respect of the soil

#### Table 4-7: Land and Soils (Including Waste) Management Measures

	characteristics. If necessary, disposal outlets will be modified to ensure continuous compliance with all relevant regulations.	
Reuse of Spoil	Soft materials and surplus soils that are excavated will be reused, for bunds, landscaping etc where possible. Material that cannot be re-used will be treated in accordance with the Landfill Directive (2003/33/EC).	
Contaminated Material Disposal	<ul> <li>All unsuitable ( including contaminated soils) material will be disposed of in accordance with all relevant legislation including the Department of the Environment and Local Government (DoELG) (1996 to 2008), Waste Management Acts, the DoELG (1998) Waste Management (Permit) Regulations and the NRA (2008) Guidelines for the Management of Waste from National Road Construction Project. Material to be disposed of will be treated in accordance with the Landfill Directive (2003/33/EC).</li> <li>All waste will be removed by waste contractors authorised under the (Waste Management Collection Permit) Regulations, 2007 and the Waste Management Collection Permit) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008.</li> <li>The waste collected will be delivered to authorised waste facilities in accordance with the Waste Management Acts 1996-2012.</li> <li>Any soil contaminated from an accidental spillage will be contained and treated appropriately and disposed of in accordance with the Waste Management Act 1996-2012.</li> </ul>	
Hazardous waste	Any waste or hazardous waste residuals or potentially contaminated sludge from spill clean-up will be stored in appropriate receptacles or containers, or in bunded storage areas prior to their removal by an EPA licensed contractor.	

## 4.8 Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management

Management measures relating to the cultural and heritage environment are listed in Table 4-8 below.

Торіс	Management Measure	
Supervision	Prior to the commencement of site preparation works, a suitably qualified and experienced archaeologist will be appointed to undertake the mitigation measures listed below if required.	
Supervision	All topsoil stripping/general ground reduction works onto the underlying archaeologically sterile geological subsoils associated with the development shall be monitored by an archaeologist.	
Archaeological Finds	In the event of archaeological material being uncovered during the course of such monitoring, the archaeologist will be empowered to have works stopped in the vicinity of such material pending receipt of advice from the National Monuments Service, Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht. Likewise, should archaeological/historical artifactual material be recovered during such works, then the requirements of the National Museum of Ireland with regard to such items will be implemented.	
Reporting	Following completion of the monitoring and any other possible archaeological investigations, the archaeologist will prepare a full and final report for submission to the Planning Authority and the Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht and National Museum of Ireland.	

#### Table 4-8: Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Measures

## 4.9 Landscape and Visual Management

This section includes the measures that are required to protect landscape and visual aspects during the design and the execution of the project. The contract CEMP will detail all measures to be employed in relation all potential impacts on landscape and visual and how the following mitigation measures will be implemented.

#### **Table 4-9: Landscape and Visual Management Measures**

Торіс	Management Measure
Landscaping Plan	The scheme includes for an appropriate and comprehensive landscape scheme comprising hedgerow, earth mounding, native planting, a mixed paved/planted access for employees and visitors and an entrance detail. This Landscaping Plan will be agreed with the local authority and other appropriate stakeholders. Landscape measures will be completed as part of the construction works and maintained to ensure establishment. Failed or dead plants will be replaced in the following planting season.
Screening	The building site including a site compound with site offices, site security fencing, scaffolding and temporary works will be visible during the construction phase. The provision of site hoarding along the site and construction compound boundaries will substantially address many potential effects of construction operations during the delivery stage.

## 4.10 Material Assets Management

This section includes the measures that are required to material assets during the design and the execution of the project. The contract CWMP will detail all measures (including method statements) to be employed and how the following mitigation measures will be implemented.

#### Table 4-10: Material Assets Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure		
Utilities	<ul> <li>Communication and consultation will be conducted with public utility providers ahead of construction commencement.</li> <li>Underground surveying techniques are a key method of understanding the below ground conditions and confirming the presence of utility services. A Cable Avoidance Tool and a Signal Generator (CAT &amp; Genny) are used to scan the surface of the ground with an audible signal being developed where underground utilities are detected. Surface radar scanning will also be used to locate underground services before commencement of any mechanical excavation in the vicinity of underground services. These detection surveys will be undertaken by the Contractor.</li> <li>Method Statements will be developed for the construction phase by the Contractor to ensure that all underground services are located manually and carefully protected. The CEMP prepared by the Contractor and approved by the ER shall outline a methodology and procedure for carrying out such detection surveys</li> <li>An avoidance policy will be adopted where possible in relation to all services and appropriate protection will be provided for all above and below ground services as necessary.</li> </ul>		
Drainage and Water Supply Infrastructure	<ul> <li>The mitigation measures outlined for utilities will be repeated.</li> <li>All runoff from paved areas will pass through an oil/fuel interceptor to ensure that contaminated waters are not discharged into adjacent watercourses.</li> </ul>		

• A shut-off valve will be installed on the outlet of the attenuation tank. This
will be used to contain any contaminated runoff in the event of a major
accident on site.

## 4.11 Traffic Management

All construction activities will be governed by a construction Traffic Management Plan (TMP), the details of which will be agreed with South Dublin County Council's Roads Department prior to the commencement of the Construction Phase. The principal objective of the TMP is to ensure that the impacts of all building activities generated during the Construction Phase upon both the public (off-site) and internal (on site) workers environments, are fully considered and proactively managed / programmed respecting key stakeholders' requirements.

During the construction works there will be additional HGV movements to/from the Site. Traffic will be generated by the disposal of surplus subsoil from the Site, deliveries of construction materials and equipment and of course private vehicles owned and driven by construction workers and staff.

It should be noted that construction traffic generated during the Construction Phase tends to be outside of peak hours. (Staff and deliveries arrive before 07:00 and generally depart after 19:00). The traffic generated by the construction phase will not be higher than the peak hour predicted volumes for the Operational Phase. Any specific recommendations/requirements with regard to construction traffic management made by Galway County Council will be adhered to during this phase.

The following mitigation measures outlined in Table 4.11 below have been identified which will form part of a plan:

Торіс	Management Measure
Traffic Management Plan	A detailed Traffic Management Plan will be drafted in full consultation with Galway County Council, An Garda Siochana, the Fire Service and the Ambulance service. The Traffic Management Plan will be developed by the Project Supervisor Construction Stage into a detailed contract specific Traffic Management Plan in full consultation with the same stakeholders
Abnormal Loads	An Application for an Abnormal Load Permit will be made to Galway County Council in advance for any abnormal loads exceeding the thresholds laid out in the Road Traffic (Construction and Use of Vehicles) Regulations 2003. Where possible, abnormal load movements will be restricted to evening or night-time to minimise disruption to local traffic and traffic on strategic routes.
Haul routes	Dedicated construction haul routes will be identified and agreed with the local authority prior to the commencement of constructions activities onsite. The time of day permittable for such routes will also be agreed upon. Restrictions may be placed on the movement of construction related traffic if deemed necessary by Galway County Council and/or an Garda Síochána.
Haul Vehicles	Haul vehicles will be covered after loading to ensure that there is no risk of material falling from the vehicle.
Equipment Management	Tracked excavators will be moved to and from the site on low-loaders and will not be permitted to drive on the street pavements.
Wheel Washes and Road Cleaning	Wheel washers / judder bars will be placed at all site access points to minimise the migration of detritus onto the public roads. The roads will be inspected and cleaned on a regular basis.

#### Table 4-11: Traffic Management Measures

Торіс	Management Measure
Staff Parking	Appropriate levels of staff parking and compounding will be provided to ensure no potential overflow or haphazard parking in the area. The Site will be able to accommodate employee and visitor parking throughout;
Site Traffic Management	<ul> <li>Once construction begins, the Site will be securely fenced off from adjacent properties, public footpaths and roads.</li> <li>All road works will be adequately signposted and enclosed to ensure the safety of all road users and construction personnel.</li> <li>A dedicated 'construction' Site access / egress junction will be provided during the Construction Phase.</li> <li>Provision of sufficient onsite parking and compounding to ensure no potential overflow of construction generated traffic onto the Retail Park.</li> <li>Site offices and compound will be located within the Site boundary. The Site will be able to accommodate employee and visitor parking throughout the construction period through the construction materials, debris, temporary hardstands etc. from the Site compound will be removed offsite and the Site compound reinstated in full on completion of the works.</li> </ul>